# THE COMPANIES ACT 2006 PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

# ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

# **OVERGATE HOSPICE**

Company Number: 01510521 Charity Number: 511619

(incorporated 1 August 1980 as amended by special resolutions on 4 March 1991 and 21 January 2020)



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# THE COMPANIES ACT 2006 PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

# ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF OVERGATE HOSPICE

# (adopted by special resolution on 20 January 2020)

#### 1. **INTERPRETATION**

1.1 In these Articles, unless the context otherwise requires:

**Act** the Companies Act 2006;

**Articles** the Charity's articles of association for the time being in

force;

Business Day any day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or public

holiday in the United Kingdom) on which clearing banks in the City of London are generally open for

business;

**Charities Act** the Charities Act 2011;

**Charity** Overgate Hospice, which is a charitable company

regulated by the Articles;

**Charity Commission** the Charity Commission for England and Wales;

**Circulation Date** has the meaning given to it in the Act;

Clear Days a period of days not including the day on which notice

was given or deemed to be given and the day for which

it is given or on which it is to take effect;

Connected Person any person falling within one of the following

categories:

(a) any spouse, civil partner, parent, child,

brother, sister, grandparent or grandchild of a

Trustee: or

(b) the spouse or civil partner of any person in

(a); or

(c) any person who carries on business in partnership with a Trustee or with any person in (a) or (b); or

- (d) an institution which is controlled by either a Trustee, any person in (a), (b) or (c), or a Trustee and any person in (a), (b) or (c), taken together;
- (e) a corporate body in which a Trustee or any person in (a), (b) or (c) has a substantial interest, or two or more such persons, taken together, have a substantial interest.

Sections 350 to 352 of the Charities Act apply for the purposes of interpreting the terms used in this Article;

document

includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form;

electronic form electronic means:

and

have the meaning given to such terms in section 1168 of the Act:

**Financial Expert** 

a person who is reasonably believed by the Trustees to be qualified to give advice on investments by reason of his ability in and practical experience of financial and other matters relating to investments;

Member

a person who is a subscriber to the Memorandum or who is admitted to membership in accordance with the Articles;

**Model Articles** 

the model articles for private companies limited by guarantee contained in Schedule 2 to the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/3229);

**Objects** the objects of the Charity as stated in Article 2;

**Special Resolution:** has the meaning given in section 283 of the Act;

Trustee

a trustee of the Charity (the Trustees are directors as defined in the Act and charity trustees as defined in the

Charities Act);

**United Kingdom** 

Great Britain and Northern Ireland; and

# writing

the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise.

- 1.2 Unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Act shall have the same meanings in these Articles.
- 1.3 Headings in these Articles are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles.
- 1.4 A reference in these Articles to an **Article** is a reference to the relevant article of these Articles unless expressly provided otherwise.
- 1.5 Unless expressly provided otherwise, a reference to a statute, statutory provision or subordinate legislation is a reference to it as it is in force from time to time, taking account of:
  - 1.5.1 any subordinate legislation from time to time made under it; and
  - 1.5.2 any amendment or re-enactment and includes any statute, statutory provision or subordinate legislation which it amends or re-enacts.
- 1.6 Any phrase introduced by the terms **including**, **include**, **in particular** or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words preceding those terms.
- 1.7 The Model Articles shall not apply to the Charity.

#### 2. **OBJECTS**

- 2.1 The Charity's objects are restricted specifically, only for the public benefit to promote the relief of sickness by such charitable means as the Charity shall from time to time think fit.
- 2.2 Nothing in these Articles shall authorise an application of the property of the Charity for purposes which are not charitable in accordance with section 7 of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and/or section 2 of the Charities Act (Northern Ireland) 2008.

#### 3. **POWERS**

3.1 In pursuance of the Objects, but not further or otherwise, the Charity has the power to:

- 3.1.1 promote or assist in the teaching or training of doctors, nurses, physiotherapists and other persons engaged in any branch of medicine, surgery, nursing or allied services, and in the teaching or training or allied services, and in the teaching or training of students in any branch of medicine, surgery, nursing or allied services;
- 3.1.2 conduct, commission or promote research, surveys, studies or other work and to disseminate the results thereof to the public (including research into the care and treatment of persons suffering from any such illness, disability, disease or infirmity as aforesaid and particularly into the care and treatment of persons suffering from cancer or terminal illnesses);
- 3.1.3 establish and conduct on a permanent or temporary basis clinics, outpatients' departments, surgeries, dispensaries and convalescent homes;
- 3.1.4 engage and pay such doctors, surgeons, nursing or domestic staff, lecturers, chaplains, physiotherapists, occupational therapists, radiologists, dieticians, dentists, chiropodists, pharmacists, social workers and others whom the Charity may think fit for the promotion of its Objects;
- 3.1.5 provide or arrange for such medical or other attention as the Charity may think fit for patients in any such hospital, home, clinic or out-patients' department as aforesaid or for patients in their homes;
- 3.1.6 provide such medical supplies, equipment and apparatus, drugs, amenities, comforts and other things conducive to the material or spiritual welfare of any persons resident or working in or attending any such hospital, home, clinic or out-patients' department as aforesaid or any persons being treated or attending in their own homes as the Charity may think fit;
- 3.1.7 engage with and consult the general public, groups and organisations on improving the quality of life of adults and their families, including the provision of specialist palliative and end of life care and support;
- 3.1.8 accept (or disclaim) any gift of money, legacy or other property;
- 3.1.9 raise funds by way of subscription, donation or otherwise;
- 3.1.10 trade in the course of carrying out the Objects and carry out any other trade which is not expected to give rise to taxable profits;

- 3.1.11 establish or purchase companies to carry on any trade;
- 3.1.12 sell, lease or otherwise dispose of all or any part of the Charity's real or personal property and any and all rights of the Charity, subject to such consents as may be required by law;
- 3.1.13 borrow or raise money and to give security for money borrowed or grants or other obligations by mortgage, charge, lien or other security on the Charity's property and assets, subject to such consents as may be required by law;
- 3.1.14 lend and give credit to, take security for such loans or credit and enter into guarantees or give security for the performance of contracts by any person or company;
- 3.1.15 buy, lease, hire or otherwise acquire and deal with any real or personal property and any rights or privileges of any kind over or in respect of any real or personal property and maintain, alter, improve, manage, develop, construct, repair or equip it for use;
- 3.1.16 set aside funds for particular purposes or as reserves against future expenditure;
- 3.1.17 deposit or invest funds with all the powers of a beneficial owner, but to invest only after obtaining advice from a Financial Expert, having regard to the suitability of investments and the need for diversification;
- 3.1.18 delegate the management of investments to a Financial Expert, but only on terms that:
  - 3.1.18.1 the Charity's investment policy is set down in writing by the Trustees for the Financial Expert;
  - 3.1.18.2 all transactions are reported promptly and regularly to the Trustees;
  - 3.1.18.3 investment performance is reviewed regularly with the Trustees;
  - 3.1.18.4 the delegation arrangement may be cancelled by the Trustees at any time;
  - 3.1.18.5 a review of the investment policy and the delegation arrangement shall be carried out at least annually;

- 3.1.18.6 all payments due to the Financial Expert fall within a scale or a level which is agreed in advance and are notified promptly to the Trustees on receipt;
- 3.1.18.7 the Financial Expert must not do anything outside the powers of the Charity;
- 3.1.19 arrange for the investments or other property of the Charity to be held in the name of a nominee (meaning a corporate body registered or having an established place of business in the United Kingdom) which is either under the control of the Trustees or of a Financial Expert acting on their instructions, and to pay any reasonable fee required;
- 3.1.20 co-operate with other bodies and to exchange information and advice with them;
- 3.1.21 establish or support or aid in the establishment and support of any organisation formed for objects similar to any or all of the Objects;
- enter into partnership or other arrangement with any other body with objects similar to any or all of the Objects;
- 3.1.23 acquire, amalgamate or merge with, or undertake all or any of the property, liabilities and engagements of any body with objects similar to any or all of the Objects;
- 3.1.24 enter into contracts to provide services to or on behalf of other bodies;
- 3.1.25 provide or procure the provision of advice;
- 3.1.26 publish and distribute books, pamphlets, reports, leaflets, journals, films, tapes, instructional matter and any other form of information in or on any media;
- 3.1.27 subject to Article 4.2:
  - 3.1.27.1 employ and remunerate any person or persons as necessary for the proper pursuit of the Objects; and
  - 3.1.27.2 make reasonable provision for the payment of pensions for employees and their dependents;
- 3.1.28 take out such insurance policies as are necessary to protect the Charity;

- 3.1.29 provide indemnity insurance for the Trustees or any other officer of the Charity in accordance with and subject to the conditions in section 189 of the Charities Act:
- 3.1.30 open and operate bank accounts and other facilities for banking and draw, accept, endorse, issue or execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, cheques and other instruments;
- 3.1.31 alone or with other organisations, seek to influence public opinion and make representations to and seek to influence governmental and other bodies and institutions regarding the reform, development and implementation of appropriate policies, legislation and regulations, provided that all such activities are confined to those permitted by law;
- 3.1.32 organise and assist in the provision of conferences, courses of instruction, exhibitions, lectures and other educational activities;
- 3.1.33 provide and assist in the provision of money, materials or other aid;
- 3.1.34 act as trustee and to undertake and execute charitable trusts:
- 3.1.35 pay out of the funds of the Charity the costs incurred in connection with the formation and registration of the Charity as a company and as a charity; and
- 3.1.36 do anything lawful which is calculated to further the Objects or is conducive or incidental to doing so.

#### 4. APPLICATION OF INCOME AND PROPERTY

- 4.1 The income and property of the Charity shall only be applied to promote the Objects.
- 4.2 Except as provided below, no part of the income or property of the Charity may be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise by way of profit to any Member of the Charity. This shall not prevent any payment in good faith by the Charity of:
  - 4.2.1 a benefit to any Member in the capacity of a beneficiary of the Charity;
  - 4.2.2 reasonable and proper remuneration to any Member for any goods or services supplied to the Charity, provided that Article 5 applies if such a Member is a Trustee;
  - 4.2.3 interest on money lent by a Member to the Charity at a reasonable and proper rate;

- 4.2.4 reasonable and proper rent for premises demised or let by a Member to the Charity; and
- 4.2.5 any payment to a Member who is also a Trustee which is permitted under Article 5.

#### 5. BENEFITS AND PAYMENTS TO TRUSTEES AND CONNECTED PERSONS

#### 5.1 A Trustee:

- 5.1.1 is entitled to be reimbursed reasonable out-of-pocket expenses properly incurred when acting on behalf of the Charity;
- 5.1.2 may benefit from trustee indemnity insurance purchased by the Charity in accordance with section 189 of the Charities Act;
- 5.1.3 may receive payment under an indemnity from the Charity in the circumstances set out in Article 33;
- 5.1.4 may not receive any other benefit or payment from the Charity unless it is authorised by this Article 5.
- 5.2 Unless the benefit or payment is permitted under Article 5.3, no Trustee (including a Member who is also a Trustee) or Connected Person may:
  - 5.2.1 buy any goods or services from the Charity on terms preferential to those applicable to members of the public;
  - 5.2.2 sell goods, services, or any interest in land to the Charity;
  - 5.2.3 be employed by, or receive any remuneration from the Charity; or
  - 5.2.4 receive any other financial benefit from the Charity.
- 5.3 A Trustee or a Connected Person may:
  - 5.3.1 receive a benefit from the Charity in the capacity of a beneficiary of the Charity provided that a majority of the Trustees do not benefit in this way;
  - enter into a contract for the supply of services, or of goods that are supplied in connection with the provision of services, to the Charity where that is permitted in accordance with, and subject to the conditions in, sections 185 and 186 of the Charities Act;

- 5.3.3 subject to Article 5.4, enter into a contract for the supply of goods to the Charity that are not supplied in connection with services provided to the Charity by the Trustee or Connected Person;
- 5.3.4 receive reasonable and proper rent for premises let to the Charity;
- 5.3.5 receive interest at a reasonable and proper rate on money lent to the Charity;
- 5.3.6 take part in the normal trading and fund-raising activities of the Charity on the same terms as members of the public; and
- 5.3.7 receive or retain any payment for which prior written authorisation has been obtained from the Commission.
- 5.4 The Charity and its Trustees may only rely on the authority provided by Article 5.3.3 if each of the following conditions is satisfied:
  - 5.4.1 the amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods:
    - 5.4.1.1 is set out in an agreement in writing between the Charity and the Trustee or Connected Person supplying the goods (the Supplier) under which the Supplier is to supply the goods in question to the Charity;
    - 5.4.1.2 does not exceed what is reasonable in the circumstances for the supply of the goods in question;
  - 5.4.2 the other Trustees are satisfied that it is in the best interests of the Charity to contract with the Supplier rather than someone who is not a Trustee or Connected Person. In reaching that decision, which must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting, the Trustees must balance the advantages of contracting with a Trustee against the disadvantages of doing so;
  - 5.4.3 the Supplier:
    - 5.4.3.1 is absent from the part of the meeting at which there is discussion of the proposal to enter into a contract or arrangement with regard to the supply of goods to the Charity by them;
    - 5.4.3.2 does not vote on any such matter and is not counted when calculating whether a quorum of Trustees is present at the meeting; and

- 5.4.4 a majority of the Trustees then in office are not in receipt of remuneration or payments authorised by Article 5.
- 5.5 In Article 5.3 and Article 5.4, the "Charity" includes any company in which the Charity:
  - 5.5.1 holds more than 50% of the shares; or
  - 5.5.2 controls more than 50% of the voting rights attached to the shares; or
  - 5.5.3 has the right to appoint one or more Trustees to the company.
- 5.6 A Trustee's duty under the Act to avoid a conflict of interest with the Charity does not apply to any transaction authorised by this Article 5.

#### 6. WINDING UP

- On the winding up or dissolution of the Charity, after provision has been made for all its debts and liabilities, any assets or property that remain (the **Charity's remaining assets**) shall not be paid or distributed to the Members but shall be applied or transferred:
  - 6.1.1 directly for one or more of the Objects;
  - 6.1.2 to any charity or charities for purposes similar to the Objects; or
  - 6.1.3 to any charity or charities for particular purposes falling within the Objects.
- 6.2 The decision on who is to benefit from the Charity's remaining assets, pursuant to Article 6.1, may be made by resolution of the Members at or before the time of winding up or dissolution and, subject to any such resolution of the Members, may be made by resolution of the Trustees at or before the time of winding up or dissolution.
- 6.3 In the event that no resolution is passed by the Members or by the Trustees in accordance with this Article, the Charity's remaining assets shall be applied for charitable purposes as directed by the court or the Charity Commission.

# 7. LIABILITY OF MEMBERS

7.1 The liability of each Member is limited to £1, being the amount that each Member undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Charity in the event of its being wound up while he is a Member or within one year after he ceases to be a Member, for:

- 7.1.1 payment of the Charity's debts and liabilities contracted before he ceases to be a Member
- 7.1.2 payment of the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up, and
- 7.1.3 adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves.

#### 8. **MEMBERS**

- 8.1 The Trustees from time to time shall be the only Members. A Trustee shall become a Member on becoming a Trustee.
- 8.2 The Charity shall maintain a register of Members and any person ceasing to be a Member shall be removed from the Register.
- 8.3 Membership is not transferable.

#### 9. TERMINATION OF MEMBERSHIP

- 9.1 A Member shall cease to be a Member if they:
  - 9.1.1 cease to be a Trustee; or
  - 9.1.2 die.

#### 10. **GENERAL MEETINGS OF MEMBERS**

- 10.1 The Trustees may call a general meeting of the Members at any time and such a meeting shall be held in accordance with the Act.
- 10.2 General meetings shall be called on notice in accordance with the Act and proceedings at a general meeting shall not be invalidated because a person entitled to receive notice of the meeting did not receive it due to an accidental omission by the Charity.
- 10.3 No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present. A quorum is 5 Members who are present in person or by proxy or through their duly authorised representatives and who are entitled to vote on the business to be conducted at the meeting.
- 10.4 A Member is entitled to appoint another person as his proxy, in accordance with the Act, to exercise all or any of his rights to attend and to speak and vote at a meeting of the Charity.
- 10.5 The chair of Trustees shall chair general meetings of the Charity or, if they are absent, the vice-chair of Trustees shall act as chair. If neither the chair nor the vice-

chair of Trustees is present within 15 minutes of the time appointed for the meeting, a Trustee elected by the Trustees present shall chair the meeting.

- 10.6 A vote on a resolution proposed at a meeting shall be decided by a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands a poll is demanded.
- 10.7 On a show of hands or on a poll, every Member, whether an individual or an organisation, shall have one vote.
- 10.8 Any objection to the qualification of any voter must be raised at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered and every vote not disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any such objection must be referred to the chair of the meeting whose decision is final.
- 10.9 Unless a poll is demanded, the declaration of the chair of the result of the vote and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact and the number or proportion of votes cast in favour or against need not be recorded.

#### 11. WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS

- 11.1 Subject to Article 11.4, a written resolution of the Members passed in accordance with this Article 11 shall have effect as if passed by the Members in a general meeting. A written resolution is passed:
  - 11.1.1 as an ordinary resolution if it is passed by a simple majority of the eligible Members; or
  - 11.1.2 as a Special Resolution if it is passed by Members representing not less than 75% of the eligible Members. A written resolution is not a Special Resolution unless it states that it was proposed as a Special Resolution.
- 11.2 Where a resolution is proposed as a written resolution of the Charity, the eligible Members are the Members who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution on the Circulation Date of the resolution.
- 11.3 Any resolution of the Members for which the Act does not specify whether it is to be passed as an ordinary resolution or as a Special Resolution, shall be passed as an ordinary resolution.
- 11.4 A Members' resolution under the Act removing a Trustee or an auditor before the expiration of his term of office may not be passed as a written resolution.

- 11.5 A copy of the written resolution must be sent to every Member together with a statement informing the Member how to signify their agreement to the resolution and the date by which the resolution must be passed if it is not to lapse.
- 11.6 A Member signifies their agreement to a proposed written resolution when the Charity receives from them (or from someone acting on their behalf) an authenticated document identifying the resolution to which it relates and indicating the Member's agreement to the resolution. A Member's agreement to a proposed written resolution, once signified, cannot be revoked. For these purposes:
  - 11.6.1 if the document is sent to the Charity in hard copy form, it is authenticated if it bears the signature of the person sending it;
  - if the document is sent to the Charity in electronic form, it is authenticated if the identity of the sender is confirmed in a manner specified by the Charity or, where no such manner has been specified by the Charity, if it is accompanied by a statement of the identity of the sender and the Charity has no reason to doubt the truth of that statement.
- 11.7 A written resolution is passed when the required majority of eligible Members have signified their agreement to it.
- 11.8 A proposed written resolution shall lapse if it is not passed within 28 days beginning with the Circulation Date.
- 11.9 Communications in relation to written resolutions shall be sent to the Charity's auditors in accordance with the Act.
- 11.10 The Members may require the Charity to circulate a resolution that may properly be moved and is proposed to be moved as a written resolution in accordance with sections 292 and 293 of the Act.

## 12. TRUSTEES

- 12.1 The number of Trustees shall not be less than 5 but shall not be more than 15.
- 12.2 The first Trustees shall be those persons whose names are notified to Companies House as the first Trustees on incorporation.
- 12.3 A Trustee may not appoint an alternate Trustee or anyone to act on their behalf at meetings of the Trustees.

#### 13. **POWERS OF TRUSTEES**

- 13.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Articles and any Special Resolution, the Trustees shall be responsible for the management of the Charity's business and may exercise all the powers of the Charity for that purpose.
- 13.2 No alteration of the Articles or any Special Resolution shall invalidate any prior act of the Trustees.
- 13.3 A meeting of the Trustees at which a quorum is present may exercise all the powers exercisable by the Trustees.

#### 14. **APPOINTMENT OF TRUSTEES**

- 14.1 Any person who is willing to act as a Trustee, and who is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a Trustee by resolution of the Trustees.
- 14.2 Where a maximum number of Trustees has been fixed, the appointment of a Trustee must not cause that number to be exceeded.

#### 15. **RETIREMENT OF TRUSTEES**

- 15.1 The usual term of office for a Trustee shall be three years, at the end of which they shall retire. Subject to Article 15.2, a Trustee shall be eligible for reappointment by the Trustees for up to a further two terms, each of three years.
- 15.2 No Trustee shall serve for more than nine consecutive years, unless the Trustees consider it would be in the best interests of the Charity for a particular Trustee to continue to serve beyond that period and that Trustee is reappointed in accordance with the Articles.

## 16. DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF TRUSTEES

- 16.1 A Trustee shall cease to hold office if they:
  - 16.1.1 are removed by ordinary resolution of the Charity pursuant to the Act;
  - 16.1.2 cease to be a Trustee by virtue of any provision in the Act or are prohibited by law from being a Trustee;
  - 16.1.3 are disqualified from acting as a charity trustee by virtue of the Charities Act;
  - 16.1.4 cease to be a Member of the Charity;
  - 16.1.5 have a bankruptcy order made against them or a composition is made with their creditors generally in satisfaction of their debts;

- in the written opinion of a registered medical practitioner who is treating the Trustee, have become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a Trustee and may remain so for more than three months;
- 16.1.7 resign by written notice to the Charity, provided that at least 5 Trustees will remain in office once the resignation takes effect; or
- 16.1.8 are absent from all the meetings of the Trustees held within a period of 6 consecutive months, without the permission of the Trustees, and the Trustees resolve that their office be vacated; or
- 16.1.9 are removed from office by a resolution of the Trustees that it is in the best interests of the Charity that their office be vacated passed at a meeting at which at least half of the Trustees are present. Such a resolution must not be passed unless:
  - 16.1.9.1 the Trustee has been given at least 14 Clear Days' notice in writing of the meeting of the Trustees at which the resolution will be proposed and the reasons why it will be proposed; and
  - 16.1.9.2 the Trustee has been given a reasonable opportunity to make representations to the meeting either in person or in writing. The other Trustees must consider any representations made by the Trustee (or the Trustee's representative) and inform the Trustee of their decision following such consideration. There shall be no right of appeal from a decision of the Trustees to terminate the Trusteeship of a Trustee.

#### 17. PROCEEDINGS OF TRUSTEES

- 17.1 Subject to the provisions of the Articles, the Trustees may regulate their proceedings as they think fit.
- 17.2 Acts done by a meeting of the Trustees or of a committee or by a person acting as a Trustee shall not be invalidated by the subsequent realisation that:
  - 17.2.1 the appointment of any such Trustee or person acting as a Trustee was defective; or
  - 17.2.2 any or all of them were disqualified; or
  - any or all of them were not entitled to vote on the matter.

#### 18. **CALLING A TRUSTEES' MEETING**

- Any Trustee may call a meeting of the Trustees by giving notice of the meeting to the Trustees or by authorising the company secretary (if any) to give such notice.
- 18.2 Notice of a meeting of the Trustees must be given to each Trustee, but need not be in writing. The notice must specify:
  - 18.2.1 the time, date and place of the meeting;
  - 18.2.2 the general particulars of the business to be considered at the meeting; and
  - 18.2.3 if it is anticipated that the Trustees participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting.

#### 19. **PARTICIPATION IN TRUSTEES' MEETINGS**

- 19.1 Any Trustee may participate in a meeting of the Trustees in person or by means of video conference, telephone or any suitable electronic means agreed by the Trustees and by which all those participating in the meeting are able to communicate with all other participants.
- 19.2 If all the Trustees participating in the meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is.

#### 20. QUORUM FOR TRUSTEES' MEETINGS

- 20.1 The quorum for Trustees' meetings may be fixed from time to time by a decision of the Trustees, and unless otherwise fixed, it is 3 or one-third (rounded to the closest number) of the number of Trustees at any one time, whichever is greater.
- 20.2 At a Trustees' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting.
- 20.3 If the total number of Trustees for the time being is less than the quorum required for decision-making by the Trustees, the Trustees shall not take any decision other than a decision to appoint further Trustees.

## 21. CHAIRING TRUSTEES' MEETINGS

21.1 The Trustees shall appoint one of their number as chair of Trustees and may determine the length of term for which the chair of Trustees is to serve in that office, although that term may be renewed or extended. On the same basis, the Trustees may also appoint one of their number as vice-chair of Trustees.

21.2 If at any meeting of the Trustees neither the chair nor vice-chair of Trustees, if any, is participating in the meeting within ten minutes of the time at which it was to start, the participating Trustees must appoint one of themselves to chair the meeting.

#### 22. **DECISION-MAKING BY TRUSTEES**

- 22.1 The general rule about decision-making by Trustees is that any decision of the Trustees must be either a majority decision at a meeting or a decision taken in accordance with Article 23.
- 22.2 Each Trustee has one vote on each matter to be decided, except for the chair of the meeting who, in the event of an equality of votes, shall have a second or casting vote (unless, in accordance with the Articles, the chair of the meeting is not to be counted as participating in the decision-making process for quorum or voting purposes).

#### 23. UNANIMOUS DECISIONS BY TRUSTEES

- 23.1 A decision of the Trustees is taken in accordance with this Article when all eligible Trustees indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter.
- 23.2 Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, copies of which have been signed by each eligible Trustee or to which each eligible Trustee has otherwise indicated agreement in writing.
- 23.3 References in this Article to eligible Trustees are to Trustees who would have been entitled to vote on the matter had it been proposed as a resolution at a Trustees' meeting.
- 23.4 A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article if the eligible Trustees would not have formed a quorum at such a meeting.

#### 24. **DELEGATION BY TRUSTEES**

- 24.1 The Trustees may delegate, on such terms of reference as they think fit, any of their powers or functions to any committee comprising two or more Trustees.
- 24.2 The Trustees may delegate the implementation of their decisions or day-to-day management of the affairs of the Charity to any person or committee.
- 24.3 The terms of reference of a committee may include conditions imposed by the Trustees, including that:
  - 24.3.1 the relevant powers are to be exercised exclusively by the committee to whom the Trustees delegate; and

- 24.3.2 no expenditure or liability may be incurred on behalf of the Charity except where approved by the Trustees or in accordance with a budget previously agreed by the Trustees.
- 24.4 Persons who are not Trustees may be appointed as members of a committee, subject to the approval of the Trustees.
- 24.5 Every committee shall act in accordance with the terms of reference on which powers or functions are delegated to it and, subject to that, committees shall follow procedures which are based as far as they are applicable on those provisions of the Articles which govern the taking of decisions by Trustees.
- 24.6 The terms of any delegation to a committee shall be recorded in the minute book.
- 24.7 The Trustees may revoke or alter a delegation.
- 24.8 All acts and proceedings of any committee shall be fully and promptly reported to the Trustees.

#### 25. AMBASSADORS AND HONORARY OFFICERS

- 25.1 The Trustees may from time to time appoint ambassadors and other honorary officers as the Trustees may think fit of the Charity or of any charitable institution, purpose or appeal from time to time conducted or undertaken by the Charity, and any person may be so appointed whether or not he is also a member of the Charity or a Trustee.
- No remuneration (except by way of repayment of out-of-pocket expenses, if any) shall be paid to any person so appointed in respect of any such ambassadorship or honorary office. Save as aforesaid, every such appointment shall be for such period and on such terms as the Trustees shall think fit.

#### 26. **CONFLICTS OF INTERESTS**

- A Trustee must declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which he has in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Charity or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the Charity which has not previously been declared.
- A Trustee must absent themselves from any discussions of the Trustees in which it is possible that a conflict will arise between their duty to act solely in the interests of the Charity and any personal interest (including but not limited to any personal financial interest).
- 26.3 If a conflict of interests arises for a Trustee because of a duty of loyalty owed to another organisation or person and the conflict is not authorised by virtue of any

other provision in the Articles, the unconflicted Trustees may authorise such a conflict of interests where the following conditions apply:

- 26.3.1 the conflicted Trustee is absent from the part of the meeting at which there is discussion of any arrangement or transaction affecting that other organisation or person;
- 26.3.2 the conflicted Trustee does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when considering whether a quorum of Trustees is present at the meeting; and
- 26.3.3 the unconflicted Trustees consider it is in the interests of the charity to authorise the conflict of interests in the circumstances applying.

In this Article 26.3 a conflict of interests arising because of a duty of loyalty owed to another organisation or person only refers to such a conflict which does not involve a direct or indirect benefit of any nature to a Trustee or to a connected person.

#### 27. **SECRETARY**

- 27.1 The Trustees may appoint any person who is willing to act as the secretary for such term at such remuneration and on such conditions as the Trustees think fit. From time to time the Trustees may decide to remove such person and to appoint a replacement.
- 27.2 A secretary who is also a Trustee may not be remunerated, otherwise than as permitted by these Articles.

#### 28. CHANGE OF CHARITY NAME

- 28.1 The name of the Charity may be changed by:
  - 28.1.1 decision of the Trustees; or
  - 28.1.2 a Special Resolution of the Members

or otherwise in accordance with the Act.

# 29. MINUTES

- 29.1 The Trustees shall cause the Charity to keep the following records in writing and in permanent form:
  - 29.1.1 minutes of proceedings at general meetings;
  - 29.1.2 minutes of meetings of the Trustees and of committees of the Trustees, including the names of the Trustees present at each such meeting;

- 29.1.3 copies of resolutions of the Charity and of the Trustees, including those passed otherwise than at general meetings or at meetings of the Trustees; and
- 29.1.4 particulars of appointments of officers made by the Trustees.

#### 30. RECORDS AND ACCOUNTS

- 30.1 The Trustees shall comply with the requirements of the Act and the Charities Act as to maintaining a Members' register, keeping financial records, the audit or examination of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Registrar of Companies and the Charity Commission of:
  - 30.1.1 annual reports;
  - 30.1.2 annual returns; and
  - 30.1.3 annual statements of account.
- 30.2 Accounting records relating to the Charity must be made available for inspection by any Trustees at any reasonable time during normal office hours.
- 30.3 A copy of the Charity's latest available statement of account shall be supplied on request to any Trustee or Member, or to any other person who makes a written request and pays the Charity's reasonable costs of fulfilling the request, within two months of such request.

#### 31. **COMMUNICATIONS**

- 31.1 Subject to the Articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the Charity under the Articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Act provides for documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of the Act to be sent or supplied by or to the Charity.
- 31.2 Subject to the Articles, any notice or document to be sent or supplied to a Trustee in connection with the taking of decisions by Trustees may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that Trustee has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or documents for the time being.
- 31.3 A Trustee may agree with the Charity that notices or documents sent to that Trustee in a particular way are to be deemed to have been received within a specified time of their being sent, and for the specified time to be less than 48 hours.

#### 32. **IRREGULARITIES**

The proceedings of any meeting or the taking of any poll or the passing of a written resolution or the making of any decision shall not be invalidated by reason of any accidental informality or irregularity (including by accidental omission to give or any non-receipt of notice) or want of qualification in any of the persons present or voting or by reason of any business being considered which is not specified in the notice.

#### 33. **INDEMNITY**

- 33.1 Subject to Article 33.2, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which they may otherwise be entitled:
  - 33.1.1 every Trustee or former Trustee of the Charity shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Charity in relation to any liability they incur in that capacity; and
  - every other officer or former officer of the Charity may be indemnified out of the assets of the Charity in relation to any liability they incur in that capacity.
- This article does not authorise any indemnity to the extent that such indemnity would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Act or by any other provision of law and any such indemnity is limited accordingly.